



## **Writing curriculum**

Writing is a key skill for all aspects of life. Exbourne Church of England Primary School puts a large emphasis on writing, for purpose and pleasure. We believe that children who enjoy writing and take pride in their work progress quickly.

The ability to write allows us to convey our own thoughts, feelings, emotions, faith and opinions through the daily use of note making, email and letter writing through to poetry and creative writing. Writing is more than just an academic skill, it is an expressive outlet and an opportunity to flourish as an individual.

Children are taught to write across the curriculum. In English lessons, writing teaching will be based around 'Texts that teach' and the 'Talk for writing' principles. The use of high-quality texts as a basis for writing allows children to experience how good authors manipulate their reader through the use of grammar and vocabulary. This covers fiction and non-fiction and a range of genres.

Early phonics leads into 'No nonsense' spelling and grammar pathways which the children follow throughout their school career.

Handwriting is discretely taught until children have clear and legible joined writing.

Writing is closely monitored by learning walks and book looks at regular intervals. Moderation happens within school, across the Dartmoor MAT. Spelling and EGaPS tests 3 times a year allow us to gauge progress and identify any weaknesses in children's knowledge and skills.

### **Programme of study**

We use the [National Curriculum 2014](#) for our programme of study in writing.

## Writing progression

		Year 1	Year 2	Year 3/4	Year 5/6
Writing	Transcription	<p>Spelling (see English Appendix 1, NC 2014)</p> <p>Pupils should be taught to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• spell:               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ words containing each of the 40+ phonemes already taught</li> <li>○ common exception words</li> <li>○ the days of the week</li> </ul> </li> <li>• name the letters of the alphabet:               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ naming the letters of the alphabet in order</li> <li>○ using letter names to distinguish between alternative spellings of the same sound</li> </ul> </li> <li>• add prefixes and suffixes:               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ using the spelling rule for adding –s or –es as the plural marker for nouns and the third person singular marker for verbs</li> <li>○ using the prefix un–</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<p>Spelling (see English Appendix 1, NC 2014)</p> <p>Pupils should be taught to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• spell by:               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ segmenting spoken words into phonemes and representing these by graphemes, spelling many correctly</li> <li>○ learning new ways of spelling phonemes for which one or more spellings are already known, and learn some words with each spelling, including a few common homophones</li> <li>○ learning to spell common exception words ☐ learning to spell more words with contracted forms</li> <li>○ learning the possessive apostrophe (singular) [for example, the girl’s book]</li> <li>○ distinguishing between homophones and near-homophones</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<p>Spelling (see English Appendix 1, NC 2014)</p> <p>Pupils should be taught to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• use further prefixes and suffixes and understand how to add them (English Appendix 1)</li> <li>• spell further homophones</li> <li>• spell words that are often misspelt (English Appendix 1)</li> <li>• place the possessive apostrophe accurately in words with regular plurals [for example, girls’, boys’] and in words with irregular plurals [for example, children’s]</li> <li>• use the first two or three letters of a word to check its spelling in a dictionary</li> <li>• write from memory simple sentences, dictated by the teacher, that include words and punctuation taught so far</li> </ul>	<p>Spelling (see English Appendix 1, NC 2014)</p> <p>Pupils should be taught to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• use further prefixes and suffixes and understand the guidance for adding them</li> <li>• spell some words with ‘silent’ letters, e.g. knight, psalm, solemn</li> <li>• continue to distinguish between homophones and other words which are often confused</li> <li>• use knowledge of morphology and etymology in spelling and understand that the spelling of some words needs to be learnt specifically, as listed in English Appendix 1</li> <li>• use dictionaries to check the spelling and meaning of words</li> <li>• use the first three or four letters of a word to check spelling, meaning or both of these in a dictionary</li> <li>• use a thesaurus</li> </ul>

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ using –ing, –ed, –er and –est where no change is needed in the spelling of root words (e.g. helping, helped, helper)</li> <li>• apply simple spelling rules and guidelines, as listed in English Appendix</li> <li>• write from memory simple sentences dictated by the teacher that include words using the GPCs and common exception words taught so far</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• add suffixes to spell longer words, e.g. –ment, –ness, –ful, –less, –ly</li> <li>• apply spelling rules and guidelines, listed in Appendix 1</li> <li>• write from memory simple sentences dictated by the teacher that include words using GPCs, common exception words and punctuation taught so far</li> </ul>		
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		Year 1	Year 2	Year 3/4	Year 5/6
Writing	Handwriting	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• sit correctly at a table, holding a pencil comfortably and correctly</li> <li>• begin to form lower-case letters in the correct direction, starting and finishing in the right place</li> <li>• form capital letters</li> <li>• form digits 0-9</li> <li>• understand which letters belong to which handwriting ‘families’ (i.e. letters that are formed in similar ways) and to practise these</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• form lower-case letters of the correct size relative to one another</li> <li>• start using some of the diagonal and horizontal strokes needed to join letters and understand which letters, when adjacent to one another, are best left unjoined</li> <li>• write capital letters and digits of the correct size, orientation and relationship to one another and to lower case letters</li> <li>• use spacing between words that reflects the size of the letters</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• use the diagonal and horizontal strokes that are needed to join letters and understand which letters, when adjacent to one another, are best left unjoined</li> <li>• increase the legibility, consistency and quality of their handwriting, e.g. by ensuring that the downstrokes of letters are parallel and equidistant; that lines of writing are spaced sufficiently so that the ascenders and descenders of letters do not touch</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• write legibly, fluently and with increasing speed by: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ choosing which shape of a letter to use when given choices and deciding, as part of their personal style, whether or not to join specific letters</li> <li>○ choosing the writing implement that is best suited for a task</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

		Year 1	Year 2	Year 3/4	Year 5/6
Writing	Composition	<p>Pupils should be taught to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• write sentences by: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ saying out loud what they are going to write about</li> <li>○ composing a sentence orally before writing it</li> <li>○ sequencing sentences to form short narratives</li> <li>○ re-reading what they have written to check that it makes sense</li> </ul> </li> <li>• discuss what they have written with the teacher or other pupils</li> <li>• read aloud their writing clearly enough to be heard by their peers and the teacher</li> </ul>	<p>Pupils should be taught to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• develop positive attitudes towards and stamina for writing by: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ writing narratives about personal experiences and those of others (real and fictional)</li> <li>○ writing about real events</li> <li>○ writing poetry</li> <li>○ writing for different purposes</li> </ul> </li> <li>• consider what they are going to write before beginning by: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ planning or saying out loud what they are going to write about</li> <li>○ writing down ideas and/or key words, including new vocabulary</li> <li>○ encapsulating what they want to say, sentence by sentence</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<p>Pupils should be taught to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• plan their writing by: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ discussing writing similar to that which they are planning to write in order to understand and learn from its structure, vocabulary and grammar</li> <li>○ discussing and recording idea</li> <li>○ draft and write by: composing and rehearsing sentences orally (including dialogue), progressively building a varied and rich vocabulary and an increasing range of sentence structures (See English Appendix 2)</li> <li>○ organising paragraphs around a theme</li> <li>○ in narratives, creating settings, characters and plot in non-narrative material, using simple organisational devices (for examples headings and sub-headings)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<p>Pupils should be taught to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• plan their writing by: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ identifying the audience for and purpose of the writing, selecting the appropriate form and using other similar writing as models for their own</li> <li>○ noting and developing initial ideas, drawing on reading and research where necessary</li> <li>○ in writing narratives, considering how authors have developed characters and settings in what they have read, listened to or seen performed</li> </ul> </li> <li>• draft and write by: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ selecting appropriate grammar and vocabulary, understanding how such choices can change and enhance meaning</li> <li>○ in narratives, describing settings, characters and atmosphere and integrating dialogue to convey character and advance the action</li> <li>○ précising longer passages</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

Writing	Comprehension Cont.		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• make simple additions, revisions and corrections to their own writing by: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ evaluating their writing with the teacher and other pupils</li> <li>○ re-reading to check that their writing makes sense and that verbs to indicate time are used correctly and consistently, including verbs in the continuous form</li> <li>○ proof-reading to check for errors in spelling, grammar and punctuation (e.g. ends of sentences punctuated correctly)</li> </ul> </li> <li>• read aloud what they have written with appropriate intonation to make the meaning clear</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• evaluate and edit by: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ assessing the effectiveness of their own and others' writing and suggesting improvements</li> <li>○ proposing changes to grammar and vocabulary to improve consistency, including the accurate use of pronouns in sentences</li> </ul> </li> <li>• proof-read for spelling and punctuation errors</li> <li>• read aloud their own writing, to a group or the whole class, using appropriate intonation and controlling the tone and volume so that the meaning is clear</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ using a wide range of devices to build cohesion within and across paragraphs</li> <li>○ using further organisational and presentational devices to structure text and to guide the reader (e.g. headings, bullet points, underlining)</li> </ul> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• evaluate and edit by: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ assessing the effectiveness of their own and others' writing</li> <li>○ proposing changes to vocabulary, grammar and punctuation to enhance effects and clarify meaning</li> <li>○ ensuring the consistent and correct use of tense throughout a piece of writing</li> <li>○ ensuring correct subject and verb agreement when using singular and plural, distinguishing between the language of speech and writing and choosing the appropriate register</li> </ul> </li> <li>• proof-read for spelling and punctuation errors</li> <li>• perform their own compositions, using appropriate intonation, volume, and movement so that meaning is clear</li> </ul>
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		Year 1	Year 2	Year 3/4	Year 5/6
Writing	Vocabulary, Grammar and Punctuation	<p>VG&amp;P (see English Appendix 2, NC 2014)</p> <p>Pupils should be taught to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• develop their understanding of the concepts set out in English Appendix 2 by: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ leaving spaces between words</li> <li>○ joining words and joining clauses using and</li> <li>○ beginning to punctuate sentences using a capital letter and a full stop, question mark or exclamation mark</li> <li>○ using a capital letter for names of people, places, the days of the week, and the personal pronoun 'I'</li> <li>○ learning the grammar for year 1 in English Appendix 2</li> </ul> </li> <li>• use the grammatical terminology in English Appendix 2 in discussing their writing</li> </ul>	<p>VG&amp;P (see English Appendix 2, NC 2014)</p> <p>Pupils should be taught to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• develop their understanding of the concepts set out in English Appendix 2 by: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ learning how to use both familiar and new punctuation correctly (see English Appendix 2), including full stops, capital letters, exclamation marks, question marks, commas for lists and apostrophes for contracted forms and the possessive (singular)</li> </ul> </li> <li>• learning how to use: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ sentences with different forms: statement, question, exclamation, command</li> <li>○ expanded noun phrases to describe and specify, e.g. the blue butterfly</li> <li>○ the present and past tenses correctly and consistently including the progressive form</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<p>VG&amp;P (see English Appendix 2, NC 2014)</p> <p>Pupils should be taught to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• develop their understanding of the concepts set out in English Appendix 2 by: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ extending the range of sentences with more than one clause by using a wider range of conjunctions, e.g. when, if, because, although</li> <li>○ using the present perfect form of verbs to mark relationships of time and cause</li> <li>○ choosing nouns or pronouns appropriately for clarity and cohesion and to avoid repetition</li> <li>○ using conjunctions, adverbs and prepositions to express time and cause</li> <li>○ using fronted adverbials</li> <li>○ learning the grammar for years 3 and 4 in English Appendix 2</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<p>VG&amp;P (see English Appendix 2, NC 2014)</p> <p>Pupils should be taught to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• develop their understanding of the concepts set out in English Appendix 2 by: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ recognising vocabulary and structures that are appropriate for formal speech and writing, including subjunctive forms</li> <li>○ using passive verbs to affect the presentation of information in a sentence</li> <li>○ using the perfect form of verbs to mark relationships of time and cause</li> <li>○ using expanded noun phrases to convey complicated information concisely</li> <li>○ using modal verbs or adverbs to indicate degrees of possibility</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

Writing	Vocabulary, Grammar and Punctuation Cont.		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ subordination (using when, if, that, or because) and co-ordination (using or, and, or but)</li> <li>○ the grammar for year 2 in English Appendix 2</li> <li>○ some features of written Standard English</li> </ul> <p>• use and understand the grammatical terminology in English Appendix 2 in discussing their writing</p>	<p>• indicate grammatical and other features by:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ using commas after fronted adverbials</li> <li>○ indicating possession by using the possessive apostrophe with plural nouns</li> <li>○ using and punctuating direct speech</li> </ul> <p>• use and understand the grammatical terminology in English Appendix 2 accurately and appropriately when discussing their writing and reading</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ using relative clauses beginning with who, which, where, when, whose, that or with an implied (i.e. omitted) relative pronoun</li> <li>○ learning the grammar for years 5 and 6 in English Appendix 2</li> </ul> <p>• indicate grammatical and other features by:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ using commas to clarify meaning or avoid ambiguity in writing</li> <li>○ using hyphens to avoid ambiguity</li> <li>○ using brackets, dashes or commas to indicate parenthesis</li> <li>○ using semi-colons, colons or dashes to mark boundaries between main clauses</li> <li>○ using a colon to introduce a list</li> <li>○ punctuating bullet points consistently</li> </ul> <p>• use and understand the grammatical terminology in English Appendix 2 accurately and appropriately in discussing their writing and reading</p>
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